An Essay Allopathic and Houveopathic Respectfully Submitted To the Faculty of the Homoeopathic Medical College Pennsylvania on the Wenth day of January One thousand eight hundred & fifty three Titus St. V Brownf of V Binghamton N. oy.

The science of obstetnes like other branches of medicine has received from Houveopathy many val= mable aids. Thowing that a close study of its laws in connexion with the true principles of medicine will at no very distant day place the dangers of childted more under the control of phy sicions. Already the Houverpathic playsecion, can treat cases of uterine hemorhage, powerless labour, and retained placenta, with greater confidence of enccers; Then can physicians of the other schools. When he comes to the treatment of a case of purperal fever; one of the most dreaded of all diseases; he does

not fear and tremble with saddle bags on his arm; but as if by magick he forbids the disease its pray, Who shall say when or where Homocopathic meeticine shall cease its being influence? He only who shall discover a truer. and better system of cure. At pres = ent Hahnemann has given no a law of cure, as broad in its influence as man can wish; and one which ranks well with natures fixed and devine land. By this law let it be our pleasure to abide, especially if found on careful ep= perment to be true and efficient, Thousands are now ready to acknowledge its both, and but their lives in its hunds. If you wish to hear how a patient will contract to systems of. medicine; betwee them to an intelligent

finale who has borne three of four children under common Allopathie treatment; and an equal number under However pattice practice. The will soon convince you which to her mind is hest capable of conducting a patient easy and safe through the perils of labour. Ask to, the competent Houves = pathic physician who used to treat his patients with Allopathic lancet and drugs: if he can perceive in the two sys tems a difference in safety of treatment. You will not be surprised when he tells you that his experience is altogether in favour of House pathy. When a regular Allo= path is called to a female in labour, he first looks at the longue, feels of the

pulse, and if he finds the patient has a little too much heat, or shows signs of plethora; he very gravely announces to her, that she must be bleed. And why? Oh madem you have too much blood It will be quite necessary to seduce your strength. If she have in consequence a powerless labour does he Hunk bleeding produced It? No not by any means. The would have died of inflammation of not bleed. I few hours after he has delivered the patient with instruments; if the show symptoms of purperal fever, he will bleed her again sufficient to produce fainting. If this does and answer his purpose, leeches and be applied, or a cup or two. and blood taken until the shall need bask and wine, perhaps brandy, In this

State of life and death he will keep here perhaps many days; litter to die or live a victim of the treatment she so humbly and ignorantly believed was the best she could have. How many such care are recorded on memor ies page, as facts illustrative of regular medical education, or more property med real agnorance. Then to think of the drugs, and compround amothers, No be taken before during, and after labour; which if the patient survene; will leave with her a rememberance so word; that the thought or mention of laking the like again would her Stomach show quickly its aversion in an anner and particularly pleasent. This senestine state of the stomach is and of short duration. It follows

the patient many times to her grave. Mony a mother of prie or light chil-Oben Dis a monder under each beatment they him to have so many dreads the very thought of medicine or the Doctors Saddle bays Why? Because at each con= finement she was made the storehouse of the best porcons of the drug shop. Is it strange that children and delicate females dread the right of a Doctor, and our and bude at the sound of his footsteps? Homoespathic physician's hold no such dreaded influence over The murcent and June of mankind, Int on the contrary the mound pemale and surrent child meh to Them for health and life. A meetical men cun larry from out, always the half-ling

victim of drug and limet direct. Nor need any person look beyond the circle of his own friends to find such specimens. These imfortunate individ = nals have to suffer more or less all their days the pains and inconvenience of a rumed constitution. A chronic disease which faithful drug- weared nature cannot find power to banish. Inch person's are living miniments of Regular practice. In speaking of the Allopath we use of mercury in partintion we are safe in saying that it is equal to the lancet in its end effects. When taken in large doses at generally leaves the patient with a predisposition to mucous and gland ular diseases. Oursumption often follows its use, Persons suffering from the abuse

of this drue man be found in any school district in the United States, For the need ten years shall the number of such meguided individuals moreure. I bust not if austitutions like the Homoerpathie Medical College of Penn extrania are property encouraged and supported. Already this heroic, regular druging blood-spulling system, at the bedride of the partment patient, has been much modified by Homoer path we influence. The lancet is not as often taken from its case, mor are the grains of drugs dealt out in each quantities. But this reform you will observe is not produced, by morease of knowledge in the use of them; but from the fear of loosing The patient outs the hand of Homoespathy.

A patient thus lost they know is as hard to obtain again; as if he had been taken by death. By this Houvespathic influence the regular practice will be curtailed, and the humane family be relieved of a boundage worse than southern slavery.

for Allopath's to commence the treat = ment of partnertine with large dones of Morphia. In sensitive females P have no doubt it is often the veciting cause of convulsions. It produces also an unnecessary conjection of the brain and consequent insensibility, which is generally followed in its secondary effect by great secitability of the nerous extens, and sleeplessues.

The fact of its power to make the patient unconscious of her conclition, is generally the physicians guide, and main reason for groing it. Its secondary symptoms are not treated by him as those produced by the remedy; but as new symptoms of disease. Therefore these will melications of disense must receive the attention, and the patient be furnished with a breek supply of drings. His fact is a very fair illustration of Allopathic Knowledge and disorienation of the true effects of med Whiterform has become of tale unother satuable and to seg utar Allepathia practice. 12 its we they can make their patient during Labour as menerable as they please.

And by its secondary action oftain as high a state of nervous excitement as They could desire to trent. I am confi = dent, Chloroform is a very demigerous article to a prastument female. I know of three lacties who lost their lives from to use during labour. There seemed to be no return of the nervous explum to a natural condition; but each continued in a high tate of nerwas excitement and eleptermen; with great tenderness of the abdomen; delir um; and great sensitiveness to highs and morse; mutil death came to their schef. The above symptoms were prod weed I think wholly by The Chloryon. May no have Houverfrath fall with the error of name so unfortunale an agent an partiretion; unles applied

according to the true law of Amushia, Let do nee in large quentities be confined where it best lelongs; with The regular experimenting physician. By how only who wishes to have his partient delivered se an un conservis state without the aid of her matural powers, and expecially those between to her merous system. Inch practice will do well for Allopathy; but not for Homoenpathy, The true way is to Keep the patient in presession of all her natural peelings and powers. If a female does not need all the aid of her unsenters and nervous strongth dinne eabour; surely I am unable to tele when she should expect to need it more. An unfortant buth in Allo pathy , is the more drugs taken the

The sicker will be the partient, and therefore the more need of the Kind allentions of the physician. This when the patient is presented of a good on stitution at becomes truly a self- englporting and seef feeding system of mediane. One of what importance to the drug vender, and his most expresent agent; the regular prace = tetimer, Ives the poor patient who takes all the drugs of pures all the bills, receive an equal amount of benefit! Her forever impraired constitution and emply purse will make the most truthful answer. No such quilt can sest upon However pathie practice. 13nd on the contrary is capable of restoring her from the ells thus caused.

Get us him now to the consideration of Houverputhic Whetelies. We shall find it more pleasing to both patient and physician. And more in Keeping with transmity and natures devine land. The Homoe path when culled to his patient; makes it his first duty to ascertain the true st ate of the case, by obtaining all the symptoms. He then gives his ked indicated vermedy in a doze and large enough to make his pa trent worse; but in such a quantity as well make her soon better, by reheven her symptoms mildly and sape by. He makes it a point also hiremore all execting courses of chieve so for us possible. And when neces

sam puts his patient on a good und wimishing dut. Not allowing any food which is cufable of producing disence or symptoms. Wader such treatment the patient is able to encluse the perils of labour, and secover from its ills with lare and safety. And ever after he a from believer in the teachings of Howeopathy, and by their wholesome unthrence be forever delivered from the pains of a drug = tortured life. If the mumber of such patients in crease for ten years to come as past as they have for the part five; how lette there will be of herois regular obeleties, to losture the pemales of Thus republic in the hour of their perels, I believe it to be a fact that there is not an intelligent semale, who

has returned to Allopathy again for aid; after having been once treated during childhed by a good Honner pathic physician. Perfile are factbecoming enlightened in regard to the me system of Chatetries, by obser army well treated cases, and darly facts , the good influence of which the count verist, The educated and observing of all classes help to compose ats most prominant activeales and believers. It's advence and prosperity is as constrain as that our females will get have sons and dan ghters. It should be remembered that the somer people are made acquainted with the great difference in medical treatment in obstetrices; the fever rule be the subjects of drug and

lancet abuse, Then can a class of mothers have the undoubted privilege of living to enjoy the society of their children; and this realize Their much derling wishes, And as death at last overlakes them, they will sink to rest as greet and peacefully as a factor laper; returning There facultres of mind and body free of all Amy derease, and their crimson life, not spult by medical ignorance, many support them, with warning retally bids it forever rest

of Honoerpathic remedies in parture time, the new of instruments are very much sevened. A fact of great importance, to a sensitive female

And another not unimportant con= redoration in favour of Homoerpathic obstetnes. Large doses of drugs have a very weaking effect upon the putient. But it is not thought by the physician who gives such doses, that They will produce a tections or powerless labour, and thus make the use of anotruments. necessary. When this and similar facts are more generally known, the star of Homoerpathic obstetrics will have onsew so high above the clouds of agreence and prejudice, that no druging or blood - spilling system can arrest it in its upward and meful course. Itay it not! For the unvoint and helplers of munkind will be the happy recippients of its many

blessings. Let are give our time, tallens and means to perfect one of the most valuable of all sciences; that of Houves pathie obstetnes. And thereby setum for it the most sure and true of all influences among men. A Mothers influence. By this all absorbing power we may plant it within bosom of society, when I may bud and blossom for the ulti mate good of memkind. By emulating the excuse we also bunch from ever ely an regurant and deadly practice, and remove to the unneversary bondage of a buly tortured class of females. Who has not a heart and hand for this good cause ; surely more can refuse who chose to walk in the clear light of the law dimilia simi libus curantur Long he This sacred

law! By its fine teachings may we be always able to make glad the hearts, and few the ills of the invalid and suffering mothers. Then as our earthly task is finished, it will not be said of us, that we lived for ownselves alone; but lived to surprove and benefit our race, and thus do all our Alma Mater could most derine

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